Safety Data Sheet **MAPELASTIC SMART comp. A** Safety Data Sheet dated: 31/05/2023 - version 6

Date of first edition: 03/05/2017



10

Section 1: Identification

GHS Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: MAPELASTIC SMART comp. A Trade code: 901677

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Ready prepared cement mortar

Uses advised against: no data available

Supplier's details

Company: MAPEI AUSTRALIA Pty Ltd

180 Viking Drive Wacol QLD 4076 Australia

T. +61 7 32765000 (Mon-Fri 8am to 4.30pm)

F. +61 7 32765076

Responsable: sales@mapei.com.au

Emergency phone number

Australian Poisons Information Centre 24 Hour Service 13 11 26 Police or Fire Brigade 000

Section 2: Hazard(s) identification



Classification of the Hazardous chemical

Skin irritation, Category 2 Causes skin irritation. Serious eye damage, Category 1 Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3 May cause respiratory irritation. Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictograms and Signal Words



Hazard statements

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

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P261	Avoid breathi	ng dust.			
P264	Wash hands t	horoughly after handl	ing.		
P271	Use only out	oors or in a well-vent	ilated area.		
P280	Wear protecti	ve gloves/clothing and	d eye/face protection.		
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN:	Wash with plenty of w	ater.		
P304+P340	IF INHALED:	Remove person to fre	sh air and keep comfortable for breathin	g.	
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: R to do. Contini	,	vater for several minutes. Remove conta	ct lenses, if present an	d easy
P312	Call a POISO	N CENTER if you feel u	inwell.		
P321	Specific treat	ment (see supplement	tary instructions on this label)		
P333+P313	If skin irritati	on or rash occurs: Get	t medical advice/attention.		
Print date	31/05/2023	Production Name	MAPELASTIC SMART comp. A	Page n.	1 of

Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in a classification

Other Hazards: No other hazards

Prolonged exposition and/or intensive inhalation of respirable free crystalline silica (average diameter less than 10 micron in accordance with ACGIH) can cause pulmonary fibrosis commonly referred to as silicosis.

This preparation contains cement. Contact between cement and body fluids (e.g. sweat and eye fluids) may cause irritation or burns.

Working with materials that contain crystalline silica can make (or generate) a dangerous dust called respirable crystalline silica (RCS). Prolonged exposition and/or intensive inhalation of RCS (average diameter less than 10 micron in accordance with ACGIH) can cause pulmonary fibrosis commonly referred to as silicosis.

Care must be exercised during the opening of products containing crystalline silica and mixing of these products during preparation for usage; reduce the formation of airborne dust as much as possible, and avoid spills of product outside the mixing vessel and on working clothes.

Using tools to process materials (such as cutting, grinding, drilling, or polishing) that contain crystalline silica content can be hazardous and may generate RCS. Residual dust on tools, equipment, and working clothes can also present a risk.

It is important to ensure that a workplace is not exposed to respirable crystalline silica (RCS) at a level higher than the exposure standard (S8).

To fully understand your responsibilities in the workplace regarding RCS, please refer to the relevant WHS regulations and Codes of Practice in your jurisdiction.

Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Substances

no data available

Mixtures

Mixture identification: MAPELASTIC SMART comp. A

Hazardous components within the meaning of the "Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS)" regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥50 - <75 %	free crystalline silica (Ø >10 μ)	CAS:14808-60-7 EC:238-878-4		
≥25 - <50 %	portland cement, Cr(VI) < 2 ppm	EC:266-043-4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; Eye Dam. 1, H318; STOT SE 3, H335	
≥10 - <20 %	Calcium carbonate	CAS:471-34-1 EC:207-439-9		Exempted

Section 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show the packaging or label.

Symptoms caused by exposure

Eye irritation

Eve damages

Skin Irritation

Frythema

Medical attention and special treatment

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media None in particular.

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

Hazardous combustion products: no data available

Explosive properties: ==

Oxidizing properties: no data available

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

HazChem Code/Emergency Action code

ΝΑ

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Use appropriate respiratory protection.

Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Take up mechanically and dispose of according to local/state/federal regulations

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Scoop into containers and seal for disposal.

Wash with plenty of water.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Do not use on extensive surface areas in premises where there are occupants.

Use localized ventilation system.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Always keep in a well ventilated place.

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection Control parameters – exposure standards, biological monitoring

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit	
free crystalline silica µ)	(Ø >10 ACGIH		_ong Term: 0,025 mg/m3 A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen;lung cancer;pulmonary fibrosis	;
Print date	31/05/2023	Production Na	me MAPELASTIC SMART comp. A Page n.	

	National	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 0,05 mg/m3
		BELGIUM	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
		BULGARIA	Long Term: 0,07 mg/m3
		CROATIA	
			Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National	REPUBLIC	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National	DENMARK	Long Term: 0,3 mg/m3 DENMARK, inhalable aerosol inhalable aerosol
	National	DENMARK	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3 DENMARK, respirable aerosol respirable aerosol
	National	DENMARK	Long Term: 0,3 mg/m3
	National	DENMARK	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National	ESTONIA	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National	FINLAND	Long Term: 0,05 mg/m3
		FRANCE	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
		HUNGARY	Long Term: 0,15 mg/m3
		LITHUANIA	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
		NORWAY	Long Term: 0,3 mg/m3
	National	NORWAT	Totalstøv (total dust); K: Kjemikalier som skal betraktes som kreftfremkallende. (K: Chemicals to be treated as carcinogenic.)
	ACGIH		Long Term: 0,025 mg/m3 (R), A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
	National	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 0,025 mg/m3
	National	ROMANIA	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3; Short Term: 0,5 mg/m3
	National	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National	SPAIN	Long Term: 0,05 mg/m3
	National	SWEDEN	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National	SWITZERLAN D	Long Term: 0,15 mg/m3 A
portland cement, Cr(VI) < 2 ppm CAS: 65997-15-1	AUS		Long Term: 10 mg/m3 10 mg/m3 PEL
	OSHA		Long Term: 15 mg/m3
	OSHA		Long Term: 5 mg/m3
	ACGIH		Long Term: 1 mg/m3
			A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen;pulmonary function;respiratory symptoms;asthma
	ACGIH	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen;pulmonary function;respiratory symptoms;asthma
	AUS	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 10 mg/m3 PEL
	National	BELGIUM	Long Term: 1 mg/m3
	National	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3
	National	CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3
	National	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
		CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m3
		FINLAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m3
			FINLAND, respirabel fraktion
		FINLAND	Long Term: 5 mg/m3
	National	FINLAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 inhalable dust
	National	HUNGARY	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3

	National	LATVIA	Long Term: 6 mg/m3
	National	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
	National	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 1 mg/m3
	National	ROMANIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
	National	SPAIN	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 5 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, respirable dust);10 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, total dust)
	National	SPAIN	Long Term: 4 mg/m3
	National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 inhalable dust
	National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 4 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 respirable dust
	National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3 5 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, respirable dust);10 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, total dust)
	National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 4 mg/m3
	National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3
	National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 12 mg/m3
	National	UNITED KINGDOM	Long Term: 4 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3
Calcium carbonate CAS: 471-34-1	AUS	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
	National	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
	National	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
	National	LATVIA	Long Term: 6 mg/m3
Predicted No Effect Conce	ntration	(PNEC) value	25

Predicted No

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 100 mg/l Calcium carbonate CAS: 471-34-1

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Calcium carbonate CAS: 471-34-1 Worker Industry: 6,36 mg/m3; Consumer: 1,06 mg/m3

> Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 6,1 mg/kg

> Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 6,1 mg/kg

Appropriate engineering controls

no data available

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eve protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; AS/NZS 2161.10:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness >=0,35mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness >=0,4mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Nitrile gloves are suggested (1,3 mm; 480 min). Not recommended gloves: not waterproof gloves

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

Respiratory protection must be used where exposure levels exceed workplace exposure limits. Refer to AS/NZS 1715-1716 for information on selection and use of appropriate respiratory protection equipment.

Use respiratory protection where ventilation is insufficient or exposure is prolonged.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Solid Appearance: powder Color: Grey Odour: Characteristic pH: no data available pH (water dispersion, 10%): 12.25 Melting point / freezing point: no data available Initial boiling point and boiling range: no data available Flash point: no data available Evaporation rate: no data available Flammability (Solid, Gas) no data available Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limits: no data available Vapour pressure: no data available Vapour density: no data available Relative density: 1.40 g/cm3 Solubility in water: partly soluble Solubility in oil: soluble Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): no data available Auto-ignition temperature: no data available Decomposition temperature: no data available Kinematic viscosity: no data available Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 0 (A+B) (Rule 1113) g/l **Particle characteristics:** Particle size: no data available Particle size distribution: no data available Shape and aspect ratio: no data available Specific surface area: no data available

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

Chemical stability

no data available

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatible materials

None in particular.

Hazardous decomposition products

None.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Contains cement. Cement gives a strong alkaline reaction with water and body fluids (e.g. sweat and eye fluids), therefore the contact with skin and eyes should be carefully avoided.

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

	a) acute toxicity	Not classified	
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	The product is classified: Skin irritation, Category 2(H315)	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	The product is classified: Serious eye damage, Category $1(H318)$	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B(H317)	
	e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified	
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
	f) carcinogenicity	Not classified	
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
	g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified	
.1	1/05/2022 Dr		Dee

		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single e	exposure	The product is classified: Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category $3(H335)$
i) STOT-repeated	d exposure	Not classified
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration haz	ard	Not classified
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Toxicological informati	on on main com	ponents of the mixture:
free crystalline silica (Ø >10 μ)	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral > 2000 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin > 2000 mg/kg
Calcium carbonate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg
		LC50 Inhalation Rat > 3 mg/l
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg 4h
		LD50 Oral Rat = 6450 mg/kg
	g) reproductive t	oxicity NOAEL Rat = 1000 mg/kg

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
Calcium carbonate	CAS: 471-34-1 - EINECS: 207- 439-9	c) Bacteria toxicity : NOEC Bacteria = 1000 mg/L 3
		d) Terrestrial toxicity: LC50 > 1000 mg/kg
		d) Terrestrial toxicity : NOEC = 1000 mg/kg - 28 d

e) Plant toxicity : NOEC = 1000 mg/kg - 21 d

Persistence and degradability

no data available

Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

Mobility in soil

no data available

Other adverse effects

no data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

no data available

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be

assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

Section 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

UN number no data available **UN proper shipping name** no data available Transport hazard class(es) no data available Packing group, if applicable no data available **Environmental hazards** no data available Special precautions for user ADG-Subsidiary hazards no data available ADG-S.P.: no data available Road and Rail (ADR-RID): no data available Air (IATA): no data available Sea (IMDG): no data available **Additional Information** no data available HazChem Code/Emergency Action code no data available

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared according to the Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS) act and the Code of Practice on preparation of safety data sheets for Hazardous Chemicals. AICIS: all components are listed

Section 16: Any other relevant information

Code	Description	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.3/1 3.4.2/1B	Eye Dam. 1 Skin Sens. 1B	Serious eye damage, Category 1 Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet: ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures) BCF: Biological Concentration Factor **BEI:** Biological Exposure Index BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society). CAV: Poison Center CE: European Community CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging. CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand COV: Volatile Organic Compound CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment CSR: Chemical Safety Report DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL: Derived No Effect Level. **DPD:** Dangerous Preparations Directive DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration ECHA: European Chemicals Agency EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances. ES: Exposure Scenario GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany. GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals. IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transport Association. IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization. ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients. IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care KAFH: KAFH KSt: Explosion coefficient. LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population. LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population. LDLo: Leathal Dose Low N.A.: Not Applicable N/A: Not Applicable N/D: Not defined/ Not available NA: Not available NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PGK: Packaging Instruction PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration. PSG: Passengers RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail. STEL: Short Term Exposure limit. STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity. TLV: Threshold Limiting Value. TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard). vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative. WGK: German Water Hazard Class. Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES